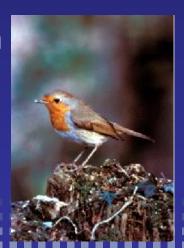


Centre Européen de Normalisation CEN TC 205 / WG 2 + PR 1



Experiences about classification

Martino Neumann
Copenhagen May 17 2013





Normalisation: an easy way?





CEN

Comité Européen de Normalisation

European Committee for Standardization = CEN Europäisches Kommitee für Normung

DIN

BSI

NNI

AFNOR

NEN

DS



Erasmus MC Zafung

Who is who?

- The CEN
 - TC 205
 - PR 1
- The Industry
- Medical professionals
- Others





Aim

- A European norm for medical compression hosiery
- No barrier for trade
- Safety for patients



Delegation

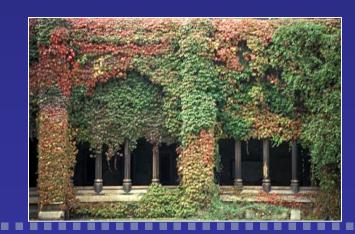
- * all EU members
- * trade associates





Members

- * manufactures
- * technical institutes of textile
- * medical profession





CEN TC205/WG 1(PR1)

Technical Committee = TC

205: medical devices



Workgroup (WG) 1:

: compression hosiery

Project group (PR) 1:

anti-thrombosis hosiery



What can be normalised?

- * Only requirements!
- * How to measure?



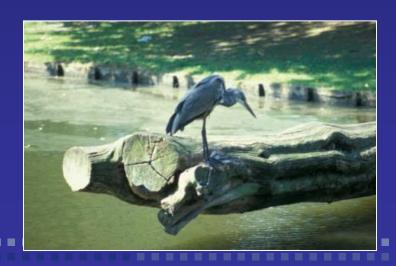


Requirements

* technical:

compression / lifetime, etc.

* labeling / package





Measurement techniques

official technique (AFNOR)

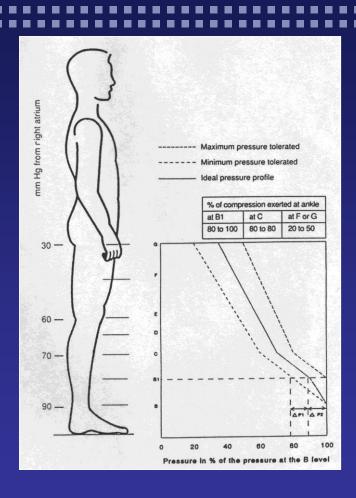
↓ possible

"to translate" to your own method



Pressure profile





Representation of the compression exerted by the MEC along the leg

Pressure reduction from ankle to hip in the same range as the decrease of the influence of gravitation

Pressure profile for an elastic stocking fulfilling the CEN criteria for a class II stocking



Whats new?

- * elasticity coefficient
- * dynamic measurement



Erasmus MC Zafus

Problems 1

- Different interests
 - Industry versus industry
 - Industry versus industry
 - Thread industry versus hosiery industry
- Different existing national norms

Erasmus MC Zafung

Problems 2

- A lack of evidence on compression
- A lack of testing methods:
 - compression
 - hysteresis
 - durability
- Compression classes
- BSI / DIN norm versus other countries

What about compression classes?



- Is there a need for low compression classes?
- What will be the cut-off point per class?
- Why to introduce classes which will not be reimbursed?

Compression classes

Erasmus MC

acc. to European Committee for Standardisation (CEN)

Compression class	Compression at the ankle ¹	
	hPa	MmHg ²
Ccl A light Ccl I mild Ccl II moderate Ccl III strong Ccl IV very strong	13 to 19 20 to 28 31 to 43 45 to 61 65 and higher	10 to 14 15 to 21 23 to 32 34 to 46 49 and higher

¹ The values indicate the compression exerted by the compression stockings at a hypothetical cylindrical ankle.

 $^{2 \}text{ 1mmHg} = 1,333\text{hPa}$



Solutions

- Clear uniform medical statement about compression classes
- Separation of trade and science
- One goal: optimum patient care



Participation of all partners?





What did we learn?

- * Medical profession was not prepared for this aim
- * Trade barriers are more impotant than the norm
- * 15 years work are lost
- * The patient pays the bill
- * Frustrates research





Is there a task for IIC?





